**Increment operators**

First code of YouTube tutorial-9:

**import** java.util.Scanner;

**class** apples{

**public** **static** **void** main(String args[]){

Scanner bucky = **new** Scanner (System.*in*);

**int** tuna = 5;

**int** bass = 18;

System.*out*.println(++tuna);

}

}

The result:

6

When ++ is placed first, the result will show the “tuna” with 1 added. But when ++ is placed after the “tuna”, the result will show 5 while saving the value “6” to “tuna” variable. An example:

**import** java.util.Scanner;

**class** apples{

**public** **static** **void** main(String args[]){

Scanner bucky = **new** Scanner (System.*in*);

**int** tuna = 5;

**int** bass = 18;

System.*out*.println(tuna++);

System.*out*.println(tuna);

}

}

The result:

5

6

Same goes with (--).

Another option:

System.out.println(tuna+5);

The result will show 10.

**Assignment operators**

We can change the tuna value by writing

tuna = tuna + 5;

But to make it easier:

tuna += 5;

The same applies with multiplying, dividing, etc.